

* weight of x-mer \Rightarrow (few grams to Tonnes)

* Most useful device ever invented.

The first P. System was D.C. but after practical installation of x-mer in 1886 the Power System has been Standardized into A.C.

X-mer is the basic device for the wide spread of AC Power System. As it operates only on AC, the power is generated; x-mitted; distributed in A.C.

Due to size & insulation constraints of a generator, the voltage levels of generation is 11 KV. For the efficient & economical x-mission it will be stepped up & x-mitted over long distances at high voltages & again step down at the consumer end for convenient utilization using a x-mer.

It is the most useful device ever invented. Apart from Power Systems it is widely used in instrumentation (C.T & P.T), electronics & communication, impedance matching in amplifiers, radio devices, Power F.

Based on the Application of Power System,

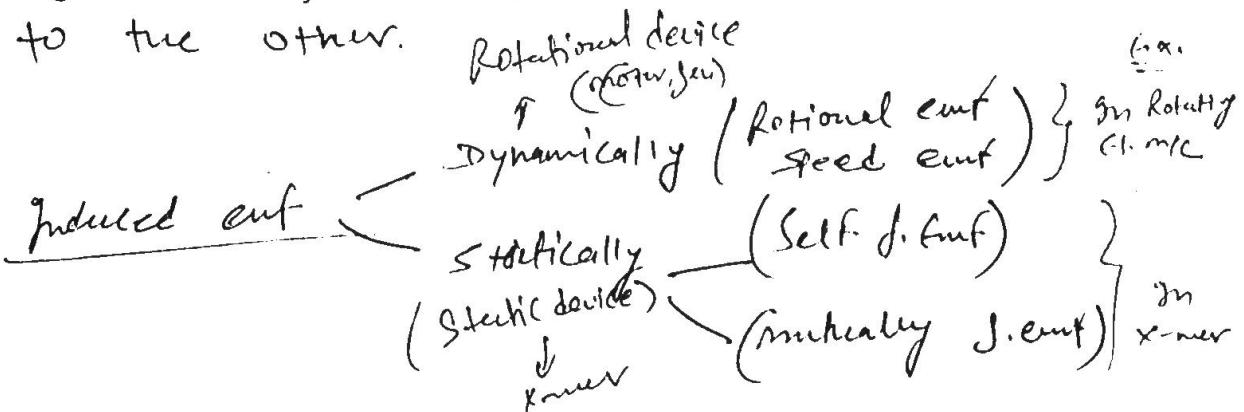
It is basically classified as -

- ① Power X-mer (EHV & HV ~~upto~~ from Gen. to Distribution Sub. Station 33/11 KV.)
- ② Distribution X-mer (11 KV / 400 V)
where the domestic customer are connected.

Definition

STATIC device which transfers ^{el. energy} from one electrical Ckt to other, without change in frequency.

It is basically used to change the magnitude of voltage or current from one level to the other.



Basically X-mer consist of 2 coils or windings known as Primary & Secondary.

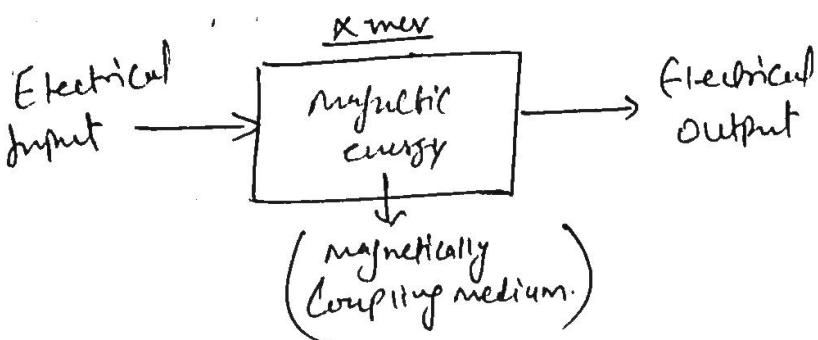
The winding where source is connected known as Primary, & where load is connected is known as Secondary.

Before connecting in service Primary & Secondary cannot be named bcz the Primary of.

Step up x-mtr becomes Secondary ~~if the~~ if the same x-mtr used as Step-down.

Generally the windings are called as High v/tg wdg or low v/tg wdg.

It is not electromechanical energy conversion device but electromagnetic energy conversion device.

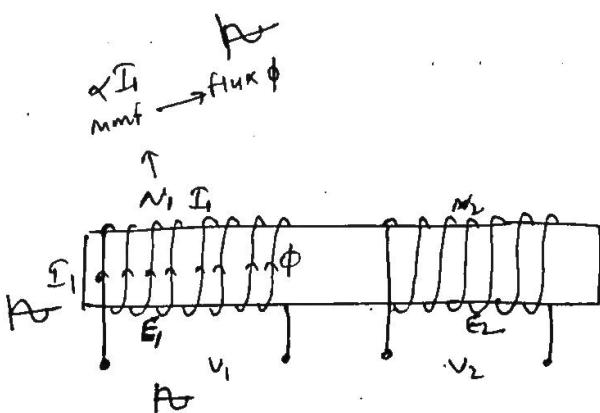


The energy x-fer is through magnetic coupling medium. & it happens without any rotating parts. Consequently It has the highest possible efficiency of all electrical machines. (large ratios well designed x-mtr efficiency is 99%). As it has no mech. losses bcoz of no rotating parts. It has less maintenance & repair.

Principle of X-mtr

$$E_1 = -N_1 \frac{d\phi}{dt} \text{ Self. } E_1 \propto N_1$$

$$E_2 = -N_2 \cdot \frac{d\phi}{dt} \text{ mutually } E_2 \propto N_2$$



If \$N_1 > N_2\$ then \$E_1 > E_2\$ step down

\$N_1 < N_2\$ then \$E_1 < E_2\$ step up

The basic principle is according to Mutual Induction.

M.I. is proposed by Faraday.

"When a time varying flux links with the stationary conductors a statically induced emf is produced."

Consider two coils wound on a common core having N_1 & N_2 turns. When an alternating voltage is applied across first winding, an alternating current flows in N_1 turns produces an mmf $N_1 I_1$.

which results in alternating flux Φ links with N_1 turns, & induced self induced emf E_1 and also links with N_2 turns & induced mutually induced emf E_2 .

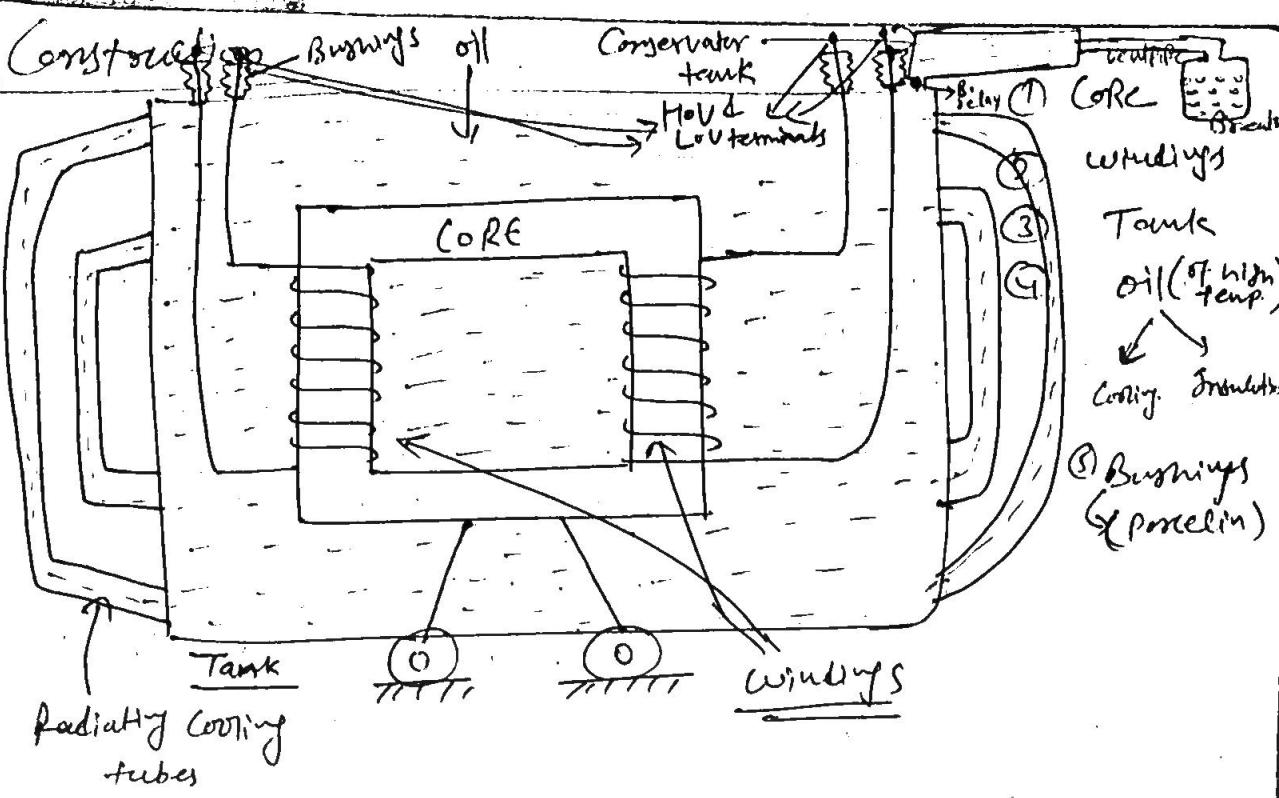
They are directly proportional to the no. of turns in coilings. According to Lenz law "the resultant opposes its cause". therefore the self & mutually induced emf will oppose their cause V_1 . therefore E_1 & E_2 are in phase with each other.



The basic requirement in a xmer, is a core of core. The core couples both the windings magnetically, and all the flux should be confined within the core. (it should not leak). which effects the performance of the xmer.

The Permeability of the core material should be as high as possible.

} for high values ($K=1$)



⑥ Breather (Silicagel)
 Crystals
 (Impregnated with Cobalt- chloride)
 → Blue \Rightarrow (Condition Link)

Oil (Askanals)
 Pyroclors

X-mer oil — It significantly effects the Performance of the X-mer. It provides two functions.

① It act as Measure Insulation.

② Provides Cooling

Made up of fractional distillation of Crude oil. Petroleum

Conservator tank

The X-mer tank is extended for about

10 to 15%... In order to adjust the Varying Pressure.

During varying load condition It is Connected to a Vent Pipe & Jollett chamber. Known as breather.

It consists of Silica gel crystals. & their original colour is Blue, their function is to absorb any moisture content from the air flowing into X-motor through breathers.

They turn out white pink colour under Damp (wet) Condition.

Which indicates for the replacement. High & low voltage winding terminals are brought out of the tank through porcelain bushings.

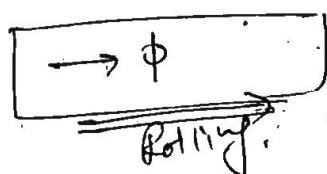
There are radiating tubes or cooling tubes in order to circulate oil through them for cooling purpose.

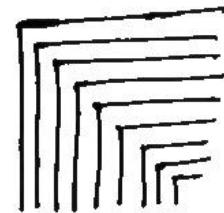
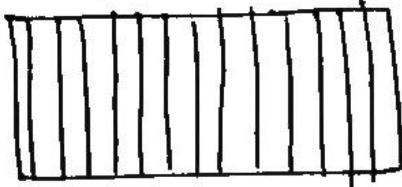
Fins & projection also provided for cooling purpose as the air circulates on them naturally.

CORE: Basic fun. → ^{Provide} high permeability at good mechanical

To enhance the permeability of core further cold roll grained orientation is done.

The laminations are given a orientation in the direction of flux path in order to improve permeability the initial core's were hot rolled grained orientation which has less permeability than C.R.B.D.O.





0.4 mm. thickness of lamination

Join \Rightarrow sawed or vibration

The tendency of lamination to change their physical dimension, when an alternating flux flows through it. This is the reason for a noise in X-mer.

The lamination should not be tightly or loosely held. Any air gap requires large magnetizing current to sustain the flux. As the laminations are thin eddy current loss reduce. but they should not be below (0.35 mm) thickness.