

<b>5E5063</b>	Roll No. _____	Total No of Pages: <b>3</b>
<p><b>5E5063</b></p> <p><b>B. Tech. V Sem. (Main/Back) Exam., Nov.-Dec.-2016</b></p> <p><b>Civil Engineering</b></p> <p><b>5CE3A Geotechnical Engineering - I</b></p>		

**Time: 3 Hours**

**Maximum Marks: 80**

**Min. Passing Marks Main: 26**

**Min. Passing Marks Back: 24**

*Instructions to Candidates:*

*Attempt any **five questions**, selecting **one question** from each unit. All questions carry **equal marks**. Schematic diagrams must be shown wherever necessary. Any data you feel missing suitably be assumed and stated clearly.*

*Units of quantities used/calculated must be stated clearly.*

*Use of following supporting material is permitted during examination.*

*(Mentioned in form No. 205)*

1. NIL

2. NIL

### UNIT - I

Q.1 (a) Derive relationship between bulk unit weight, specific gravity, void ratio and degree of saturation. Also write the expression for dry unit weight and saturated unit weight. [8]

(b) A moist soil sample has a mass of 633g and volume  $300\text{cm}^3$  at a water content of 11%. Taking  $G = 2.68$ , determine void ratio, degree of saturation. Also determine the water content at which the soil gets fully saturated without any increase in volume. [8]

OR

Q.1 (a) Define Degree of saturation, density index, percentage air voids and dry unit weight. [4]

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[10420]

- (b) A compacted soil sample with bulk density of  $2.0 \text{ g/cm}^3$  has a water content of 15%. What are its dry density and degree of saturation? Assume  $G = 2.65$ . If the sample is allowed to get fully saturated without an increase in its volume, what would be its bulk density and water content? [12]

### UNIT – II

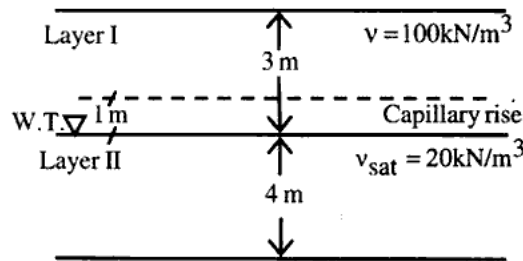
- Q.2 (a) Explain Darcy's law of permeability. Discuss its assumptions and limitations. [8]  
 (b) Describe various soil structures. [8]

#### OR

- Q.2 (a) Drive an expression for determination of coefficient of permeability by pumping out test in unconfined aquifer. [8]  
 (b) Describe clay minerals. [8]

### UNIT – III

- Q.3 (a) Explain the phenomenon of "Quick sand". [4]  
 (b) Plot the variation of total stress and effective stress for given soil system. [12]



#### OR

- Q.3 (a) Determine the seepage discharge through an earthen dam if the flow net has 10 equipotential drops and 4 flow channels. The length of the dam is 300m and  $k = 2.5 \times 10^{-4} \text{ cm/sec}$ . The water head is 8 m. [8]  
 (b) Derive an expression of Laplace equation for seepage through soil. [8]

**UNIT – IV**

Q.4 (a) Explain Mohr. Coulomb theory of shear strength. [8]

(b) The stresses on a failure plane in a drained test on a cohesionless soil are as follows:

$$\sigma = 100 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$\tau = 40 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

Determine angle of shearing resistance and the angle, which the failure plane makes with the major principle plane. [8]

**OR**

Q.4 (a) Derive relationship between major and minor principle stresses at failure. [8]

(b) What are the advantages of triaxial test over other shear strength test. [8]

**UNIT – V**

Q.5 (a) Describe the effect of adding lime to soil on its engineering properties. [8]

(b) Describe the process of lime soil stabilization in field. [8]

**OR**

Q.5 (a) Describe Modified Proctor Test of compaction. Compare it with standard Proctor Test. [8]

(b) Find the moisture content necessary to fully saturate the soil having a dry density of  $1.70 \text{ g/cm}^3$ . Assume  $G = 2.70$  [4]

(c) Explain placement water content and its significance in field. [4]

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